PRODUCTS TECHNIQUES, INC. Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT & COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: CATALYST FOR WASH PRIMER Product Code: PTI-YACID-CAT

MANUFACTURER: PH: 909.877.3951

Products/Techniques, Inc. FX: 909.877.6078

3271 S. Riverside Ave. E-mail: pti@ptipaint.com

Bloomington, CA 92316 Web: www.ptipaint.com

OPERATING HOURS: 8:00 am - 4:30 pm PDT

In an emergency, call:

CHEMTREC: 1.800.424.9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HMIS:230X

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)	
Oral Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Oral>300+<=2000mg/kg	
Dermal Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Dermal>1000+<=2000mg/kg	
Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Gases>2500+<=5000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l,	
		Dusts&mists>1+<=5mg/l	
Skin corrosive	1B	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 1 hour Observation <	
		14 days, visible necrosis in at least one animal	
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after	
		exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5	
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer	
Skin sensitizer	1B	Skin sensitizer	

GHS Hazards

H334

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
H315+H320	Causes skin and eye irritation	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	

GHS Precautions

There are no GHS precautons that apply to this product at this time

Signal Word: Danger

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May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled



SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
ETHANOL	64-17-5	56.78%
WATER	7732-18-5	19.23%
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	15.28%
IPA	67-63-0	5.89%
METHANOL	67-56-1	2.82%

(1) NON-HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If breathing problems occur during use, **LEAVE AREA IMMEDIATELY** and get fresh air. If breathing problems remain, **SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION**.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of clean water for at least 20 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 0 C (32 F)

LEL: UEL:

All flashpoints: TCC

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, water spray/water fog extinguishing systems

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum re-conditioner, or properly disposed of.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire). As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

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SECTION 7 - HANDLING & STORAGE

HANDLING: Wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Wear appropriate respiratory protection and ensure adequate ventilation at all times as vapors can accumulate over time in enclosed spaces and poorly ventilated areas. Use product in a way that minimizes splashes and/or creation of dust. Wash with soap and water thoroughly after each use.

STORAGE: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry area at a temperature between 50 and 95 degrees F. Do not store outside in direct sunlight.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONAL PROTECTION					
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits		
ETHANOL 64-17-5	1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA		
WATER 7732-18-5	No TLV established	No PEL established	Not Established		
PHOSPHORIC ACID 7664-38-2	1 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 STEL 1 mg/m3 TWA	NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA 3 mg/m3 STEL		
IPA 67-63-0	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL		
METHANOL	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3	250 ppm STEL	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA;		

200 ppm TWA

SECTION 8 - EYROSUPE CONTROL AND DEDSONAL DROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

TWA

67-56-1

VENTILATION & RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Always follow all local, state, and federal laws and regulations regarding the use of respirators. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS: All individual company safety policies should be reviewed to determine compliance with applicable Federal, State and local safety regulations. If a company determines that threshold limit values and air quality contaminant level have not been exceeded, then that company should

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260 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m3 STEL set it's own policies regarding the use of respirators and other Personal Protective Equipment. SKIN PROTECTION: Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, such as neoprene or solvent resistant nitrile. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing such as a chemical suit, rubber boots, and/or chemical safety goggles plus a face shield if such should be necessary. If the equipment to be worn is not available or the type of equipment for a specific job is not known, consult a reputable safety equipment supply company. Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g. acid suit) and boots are required.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well ventilated area. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors from heated material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

This product exhibits the following properties under normal conditions:

Appearance Pigmented liquid

Physical State Liquid

Vapor Pressure 39.8 mmHg

Wt% Solids 15.28

VOC(g/I) Less H2O and 730.12 Exempt Compounds

VOC (g/L) Material 620.39

% VOC (C.A.R.B) 68.18

Odor Solvent like

Vapor Density 1.62

Boiling Range 64 to 202 °C, 148 to

396 °F

Weight/Gallon 7.59

VOC(lbs/gal) Less H2O and 6.08 Exempt Compounds

Specific Gravity 0.91

SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY & STABILITY

STABILITY:

STABLE

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid): strong acids and bases, oxidizers, and selected amines.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

No Data

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2). Other unknown hazardous products are possible.

No Data

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Oral Toxicity LD50: 391mg/kg

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Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 3mg/L

Component Toxicity

64-17-5 ETHANOL

Dermal LD50: 20 g/kg (Rat)

7732-18-5 WATER

Oral LD50: 90 mL/kg (Rat:)

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID

Oral LD50: 1,530 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,730 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 850 mg/m3

67-63-0 IPA

Oral LD50: 4,396 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 73 mg/L (Rat)

INHALATION: Headaches, dizziness, nauseau, decreased blood pressure, change in heart rate, and cyanosis may result from overexposure to vapor. **Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal**.

INGESTION: This material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

SKIN CONTACT: May cause sensitization or allergic reaction.

EYE CONTACT: Direct contact with liquid, exposure to vapors or mist may cause stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling and eye damage.

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

Effects of Overexposure

CARCINOGENICITY:

CAS NumberDescription% WeightCarcinogen Rating64-17-5ETHANOL56.78ETHANOL: OSHA: listed

IARC: Group 1

ACUTE TOXICITY:

INHALATION: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Unknown.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.

Component Ecotoxicity

ETHANOL 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 12900 mg/L [flow-through] (30 days old); 96

Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 14.2 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 9268 mg/L; 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 10800

mg/L

PHOSPHORIC ACID 96 Hr LC50 Gambusia affinis: 3-3.5 mg/L

12 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 4.6 mg/L

IPA 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9640 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas:11130 mg/L[static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Scenedesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50

Scenedesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L

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SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. Maximize material recovery for reuse or recycling.

It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a RCRA "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues.

Non-usable product is regulated by US EPA as hazardous material under the following codes:

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING INFORMATION

Hazardous Material! Ship according to all applicable local, state, and federal regulations regarding labeling and packaging requirements.

Agency Proper Shipping Name UN Number Packing Group Hazard Class

D.O.T. PAINT UN 1263 II 3

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Additional regulatory listings, where applicable.

The following chemicals are listed under California Proposition 65:

64-17-5 ETHANOL 56.78 % Carcinogen 67-56-1 METHANOL 2.82 % Mutagen

The following chemicals appear on the New Jersey Right-To-Know Chemicals list:

67-56-1 METHANOL

The following chemicals appear on the Pennsylvania Right-To-Know list:

67-56-1 METHANOL 2.82 %

SARA HAZARD CATEGORY: The product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meed the following categories:

64-17-5 ETHANOL Fire Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID Acute Health Hazard

67-63-0 IPA Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

67-56-1 METHANOL Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

- None

Country Regulation All Components Listed

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EU Risk Phrases

Safety Phrase

The chemical substances listed below are not on the TSCA Section 8 Inventory:

- None

SARA Section 313: The product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 and Title II of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

The information in this document is believed to be correct as of the date printed.

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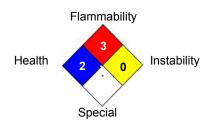
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Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Reviewer Revision

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