SAFETY DATA SHEET

F63W13

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A) Strobe White
Product code	: F63W13
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 866-722-9710 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 4.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024
F63W13	POLANE® B Polyureth Strobe White	ane Enamel (Pa	art A)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	≥25 - ≤50	13463-67-7
Cyclohexanone	≥10 - ≤19	108-94-1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≥10 - ≤20	78-93-3
n-Butyl Acetate	≤10	123-86-4
Toluene	≤5	108-88-3
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤4.7	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	≤0.3	77-99-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version	: 27.01	2/21
F63W13	POLANE® B Polyureth Strobe White	ane Enamel (Pa	art A)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most import	ant symptoms/effe	cts, acute and delayed				
Potential ad	cute health effects					
Eye conta	ct :	Causes serious eye damage.				
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.				
Skin conta	act :	Causes skin irritation.				
Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.						
Over-expos	sure signs/sympton	<u>15</u>				
Eye conta	ct :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness				
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths				
Date of issue/D	ate of revision	: 2/19/2025 Date of previous issue : 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01 3/21				
F63W13	POLANE® B Polyure Strobe White	thane Enamel (Part A) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US				

Section 4. First aid measures

skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Flammable liquid.

Date of iss	ue/Date of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version	: 27.01	4/21
F63W13	F63W13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A) Strobe White			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
-		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 75 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Butyl acetates] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision : 2/19/2025 33W13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Pa Strobe White	Date of previous issue rt A)	: 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01 6. SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		CEIL: 300 ppm
		AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Xylenes]
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	77-99-6	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Absorbed throug OEL: 20 ppm 8 h OEL: 80 mg/m ³ 8 OEL: 200 mg/m ³ OEL: 50 ppm 15 CA British Colum 8/2023). Absorbe TWA: 20 ppm 8 h STEL: 50 ppm 18 CA Ontario Provi Absorbed throug TWA: 20 ppm 8 h STEL: 50 ppm 18 CA Quebec Provi Absorbed throug TWAEV: 20 ppm STEV: 50 ppm 18	hours. 3 hours. 15 minutes. minutes. bia Provincial (Canada, d through skin. hours. 5 minutes. incial (Canada, 6/2019). Jh skin. hours. 5 minutes. incial (Canada, 2/2024). Jh skin. a 8 hours. 5 minutes. incial (Canada, 2/2024). Jh skin. a 8 hours. 5 minutes. in Provincial (Canada, d through skin. 5 minutes.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	CA Alberta Provi	ncial (Canada, 3/2023).
ate of issue/Date of revision : 2/19/2025 Date of	of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version : 27.01 7/
33W13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A) Strobe White			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

		 OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	108-88-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). Ototoxicant. TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/19/2025 L F63W13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part	Date of previous issue A)	: 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01 8/21 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
Strobe White	,	

Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

		CAS #	Exposure limit	s	
Cyclohexanone		108-94-1	Absorbed thro TWA: 20 ppm	8 hours.	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		78-93-3	TWA: 200 ppn	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). n 8 hours.	
n-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	TWA: 150 ppn	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). n 8 hours.	
Toluene		108-88-3	STEL: 200 ppr NOM-010-STPS TWA: 20 ppm	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
Xylene, mixed isomers		1330-20-7		S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version : 27.01	9/21
F63W13 POLANE® B Poly Strobe White	rurethane Enamel (F	Part A)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

[Xileno, mezcla]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Cyclohexanone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 80 mg/I [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. BEI: 8 mg/I [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 2 mg/l, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Toluene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

: 12/13/2024

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Cyclohexanone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 8 mg/L [non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi- quantitative. The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 80 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi- quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MEK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Toluene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: sample time not specified. BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu; non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other
	chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant

	may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.				
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipmen will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measured					
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, be eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clot Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and showers are close to the workstation location.	thing.			
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a r assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, m gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash gogg or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required	ists, unless les and/			
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sh worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, of during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for of glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	es this is check d be different			
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the ta performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, we static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clo should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	e ar anti-			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be see based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be appro specialist before handling this product.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/19/2025 Date of previous issue : 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01	12/21			

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

F63W13

POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A)

Strobe White

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Color	: White.				
Odor	: Not available.				
Odor threshold	: Not	available.			
рН	: Not	applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not	available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 78°(C (172.4°F)			
Flash point	: Clos	sed cup: 5°C (41°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]			
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)				
Flammability	: Flammable liquid.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 10%				
Vapor pressure	: 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg)				
Relative vapor density	: 2.48	3 [Air = 1]			
Relative density	: 1.25	5			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	e : Not available.				
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)				
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.			
Heat of combustion	: 13.9	991 kJ/g			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Strobe White

F63W13 POLANE® B Po	lyurethane Enamel (Part A) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/19/2025 Date of previous issue : 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01 1	3/21			
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observatior
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 50	-
				%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

		••••			
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Cyclohexanone	-	3	-
Toluene	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Data	~	incure	Data	~	revision
Date	or	issue	Date	or	revision

Strobe White

F63W13

15/21 Version : 27.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

effects

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

General

Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

: Not available.

exposure.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	its
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the pl	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain
	watering
labeletien.	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
	headache
	drowsiness/fatigue
	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	redness
	blistering may occur
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
ingestion	stomach pains
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.

ĺ	Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version	: 27.01	16/21
	F63W13	POLANE® B Polyuret Strobe White	thane Enamel (P	2art A)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

Section 11. Toxicological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects

- : May damage the unborn child.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects**
- : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	7261.59 mg/kg
Dermal	6983.31 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	56073.61 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
		<i>reinhardtii</i> - Exponential growth	
		phase	
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
		<i>reinhardtii</i> - Exponential growth	
		phase	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Larvae	001
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
T - h	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	<i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	40 110015
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute 2000 0000 µg/i Marine water	pugio	40 110013
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Ŭ Ŭ	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	Acute EC50 13000000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision 17/21 : 2/19/2025 Date of previous issue : 12/13/2024 Version : 27.01 F63W13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US Strobe White

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl Ethyl Ketone n-Butyl Acetate Toluene Xylene, mixed isomers	- - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene Xylene, mixed isomers 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol	- - -	90 8.1 to 25.9 <1	Low Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	11	11	11
	rision : 2/19/20 ANE® B Polyurethane Enan e White		issue : 12/13/20		ersion : 27.01 18/ HW-85-NA-GHS-US

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No. 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	-	Emergency schedules F-E, S- E
Special precaution	con mo suit to s of t dar	isider container sizes. Th de of transport (sea, air,	e presence of a etc.), does not i nsport. All packa e with the applic oduct for transp rained on all of t	a shipping descrip ndicate that the p aging must be rev cable regulations i port. People loadin the risks deriving t	roduct is packaged iewed for suitability prior s the sole responsibility ng and unloading

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production. Reporting of chemicals in this section does not necessarily indicate their presence in the final formulated product.

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Ethylbenzene	0.6	100-41-4
Toluene	4	108-88-3
Xylene, mixed isomers	3	1330-20-7

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024
F63W13	POLANE® B Polyuretha Strobe White	ane Enamel (Pa	ırt A)	

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.	
International lists	 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - C SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT/ SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ CARCINOGENICITY - Cate TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
History		·	
Date of printing	: 2/19/2025		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/19/2025		
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024		
Version	: 27.01		
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention	fficient	

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/19/2025	Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2024	Version	: 27.01	20/21
F63W13	V13 POLANE® B Polyurethane Enamel (Part A) Strobe White					NA-GHS-US	

Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.